

MODERN EDUCATION SOCIETY'S NOWROSJEE WADIA COLLEGE, PUNE (AUTONOMOUS)

An Autonomous College Affiliated to Savitribai Phule Pune University

T.Y.B.A. History (Faculty of Humanities)

Semester V & VI Syllabus

w.e.f. Academic Year 2024-2025

Preamble of the Course:

A Bachelor of Arts in History, is a Bachelor's degree awarded for an Under Graduate Program

in the field of History. The BA History syllabus primarily gives emphasis to the understanding

of History as a Subject, in Theory as well as at the applied level. Application and relevance of

History have been taken into consideration while designing the syllabus for a BA in History.

History is an ever-relevant subject of academia, as every subject or object has with its own

History, hence study of History is crucial as well as pivotal to any research or Study undertaken

in humanities. History over the past few decades has explored multiple new approaches to

study the past and has facilitated major social, political, economic, and cultural processes to

take place and shape in society. History offers the study of Human past with approaches like

political, social, economic, cultural, religious, and apart from this traditional aspect, there are

major new developments like urban, feminist, Business, Gender, Infrastructure, subaltern

History, and these approaches enable students to understand historical processes in more

realistic ways.

Our Present is the result of our Past and is going to be the reason for our future. Hence, the

Study of History has become a rather vital concern for all field of studies. This proposed B.A.

History course attempts to cover some of the major themes in History

The Objectives of the course curriculum are:

• To help the students to build interdisciplinary approach

• To empower students to excel in various research fields of History

• To inculcate sense of humanities in study of Historical Event, Period, People, and processes.

• To make students prepare for various competitive examinations.

• To nurture the historical methods of learning human past.

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Program Outcomes:

- B.A. History enable students to understand the Scope, importance, relevance of History.
- Students will be familiar with Major Historical periodization.
- Students will be in position to understand different aspects in History
- Ability to infer the scope, objectivity and subjectivity in History.
- Ability to understand the aspect that they could pursue research in History for their further studies in History.

Eligibility for the course B.A. History:

As per the rules and regulations of SPPU and UGC

Teaching Scheme:

- The course is a 03 years, 06 semester's full time Under Graduate Course.
- The course follows the CBCS (Choice Based Credit System) pattern as per University Grants Commission and Savitribai Phule Pune University.
- 04 Credit Theory Course = 60 Lectures
- 02 Credit Theory Course = 30 Lectures

Abbreviations:

VSC: Vocational Skill Course

IKS: Indian Knowledge System

OJT: On Job Training

FP: Field Project

CEP: Community Engagement Program

OE/GE: Open Elective/ Generic Elective

SEC: Skill Enhancement Course

AEC: Ability Enhancement Course

VEC: Value Education Course

CC: Core Course

RM: Research Methodology

RP: Research Project

Title of the Course T.Y.B.A History Structure of the course Semester V & VI Theory

Semester	Course Code	Courses Title	Credits	Number of Lectures	Marks
		Indian National Movement (1885- 1947)	03	45	(70 End Semester + 30 Continuous
v		Introduction to Historiography	03	45	Evaluation)
		Maharashtra in the 19th Century	03	45	
		Museology	02	30	(25 End Semester + 25 Continuous Evaluation)
		India After Independence- (1947- 1991)	03	45	(70 End Semester + 30 Continuous Evaluation)
VI		Applied History	03	45	
		Maharashtra in the 20th Century	03	45	
		Heritage management	02	30	(25 End Semester + 25 Continuous Evaluation)

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T.Y.B.A History Semester V

Core Course: - Indian National Movement (1885-1947) (03 Credit Course) Total Lectures - 45

Learning Objectives:

- 1. The course is designed to make the students aware about the making of Modern India and the struggle for independence.
- 2. To make the students aware of the multi-dimensionality of Modern India.
- 3. To highlight the ideas, institutions, forces and movements that contributed to be shaping of Indian Modernity.
- 4. To acquaint the students with various interpretative perspectives.

Course Outcomes:

- 1. Students will develop an overall understanding of Modern India.
- 2. It will increase the spirit of healthy Nationalism, Democratic Values and Secularism among the Students.
- 3. Students will understand various aspects of the Indian Independence Movement and the creation of Modern India.

Pedagogy: Lectures / Visual Presentation / Critical Analysis / Assignments / Test/ e-learning

Unit	Contents of the Course	No. of Lectures
I	Rise and Growth of Indian Nationalism	12
	a) Causes for the Rise of Indian Nationalism	
	b) Foundation of Indian National Congress.	
	c) Moderate, Assertive, & Revolutionary	
II	Mass Movement	9
	a) Non Co-Operation Movement.	
	b) Civil Disobedience Movement.	
	c) Quit India Movement.	
III	Towards Independence and Partition	12
	a) Muslim League, Hindu Mahasabha, Growth of Communalism	
	b) Indian National Army.	
	c) Transfer of Power: The Cripps Mission, The Cabinet Mission,	
	The Mountbatten Plan, Indian Independence Act and Partition	
IV	Subaltern Movement	12
	a) Peasant Movement.	
	b) Workers Movement.	
	c) Dalit Movement.	
	d) Tribal Movement	

Reference Books:

English

- 1. Chandra Bipan, Mukherjee Mridula, Mukherjee Aditya, Panikkar K.N. and Mahajan Sucheta- India's struggle for Independence, Penguin Books (India), 1990.
- 2. Chandra Bipan, Essays on Contemporary India, Har- Anand publication, New Delhi, 1993.
- 3. Chandra Bipan The Rise and Growth of Economic Nationalism in India People's Publishing House, New Delhi, 1966.
- 4. Desai A.R. Social Background of Indian Nationalism, Popular Prakashan, Bombay, 1984.
- 5. Dodwell H.H. Cambridge History of India Vol V, VI
- 6. Dutt R.C. Economic History of India Vol 1, 2, London, 1901 reprint Government of India press, Nashik, 1960.
- 7. Guha Ramchandra (ed.), Makers of Modern India, Penguin group, New Delhi, 2010.
- 8. Gopal S. British policy in India 1858-1905, Cambridge University Press, 1965.
- 9. Mujumdar R. C., History of the freedom movement in India, Vol. I-III.
- 10. Mujumdar R.C. (ed.) The History and Culture of the Indian People Vol. 1 IX British paramountcy and Indian Renaissance Vol IX.
- 11. Menon V.P. The Transfer of power in India Princeton University Press, 1957.
- 12. Moon Vasant, Dr Babasaheb Ambedkar writing and speeches Government of Maharashtra, Bombay.
- 13. Sarkar Sumit, Modern India: 1885 1947, Macmillan India Ltd., Madras, 1986.
- 14. Sarkar Sumit Bibliographical survey of social Reform movement in the 18th & 19th century (ICHR 1975).
- 15. Tara Chand History of freedom Movement, Vol. I IV publication Division, Ministry of Information and Broadcasting, Government of India, New Delhi, 1983.

T.Y.B.A History

Semester V

Discipline Specific Elective Courses- Introduction to Historiography (03 Credit Course) Total Lectures - 45

Objectives:

- 1. To orient students about how History is studied, written and understood.
- 2. To explain methods and tools of data Collection
- 3. To study the types of Indian Historiography.
- 4. To describe importance of Inter-Disciplinary Research.
- 5. To introduce Students to the basics of Research.

Course Outcomes:

- 1. Students will be introduced to the information and importance of Historiography.
- 2. Students will be introduced to the different Methods and Tools of data collection.
- 3. Students can study the interdisciplinary approach of History.
- 4. Students will learn about the usefulness of History in the 21st century, it's changing perspectives, the new ideas that have been invented, and the importance of History in a competitive world.
- 5. This curriculum develops Research ability and process of Research Methodology in History

Pedagogy: Lectures / Visual Presentation / Critical Analysis / Assignments / Test/ e-learning

Unit	Contents of the Course	No. of Lectures
I	Meaning and Scope of History a) Definition, Nature & Scope of History b) History and Social sciences (Anthropology, Archaeology, Geography, Economics, Political science, Sociology,)	11
II	Sources of Historical Research a) Importance of Sources. b) Primary, Secondary and Oral sources. c) Written, Unwritten.	10
III	Preliminary Operations a) Problem Formulation b) Objectives c) Hypotheses, Research Methods	12
IV	Synthetic Operations a) External Criticism b) Internal Criticism c) Interpretation, Foot Note d) Organizing Research Work, Statistical Data, Outcomes and Bibliography	12

Reference Books

English

- 1. Avneri S., Social and Political Thought of Karl Marx, Cambridge, 1968.
- 2. Barnes H.E., History of Historical Writing, Dover, New York, 1963.
- 3. Cannadinen David (Ed.), What is History Now? Palgrave Macmillan, Basingstoke, 2002.
- 4. Carr E.H., What is History, Penguin Books, Harmond-sworth, 1971.
- 5. Chitnis K.N., Research Methodology in History
- 6. Collingwood, R.G., The Idea of History, Oxford University Press, New York, 1976.
- 7. E. Shreedharan, A Textbook of Historiography 500 BC to AD 2000, Orient Black Swan, New Delhi.
- 8. Elton G.R., Practice of History, Blackwell, London, 2001.
- 9. Grewal J.S., History and Historians of Medieval India, Guru Nanak University, Amritsar, 2000.
- 10. Langlois Ch, V. And Ch. Seignobos, Introduction to the study of History,
- 11. Mujumdar R.C., Historiography in Modern India, 1970.
- 12. Sarkar Sumit, Writing Social History, OUP, Delhi, 1998.
- 13. Sen S.P.(Ed.), Historians and Historiography in Modern India, Culcutta, 1973.
- 14. Shiekh Ali, History: Its Theory and Method, Macmillan Publication, Madras, 1972.
- 15. Tikekar S.R., On Historiography, Mumbai, 1964.
- 16. Wilkinson and Bhandarkar, Research Methodology in Social Sciences, Himalaya, New Delhi, 2002.

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Semester V

Discipline Specific Elective Courses- Course Title: Maharashtra in the 19th Century (03 Credit Course) Total Lectures - 45

Course Objectives:

- 1. To Introduce the students to the history of 19th century in Maharashtra
- 2. To study Political, Social, Economic and conceptual History of the 19th Century Maharashtra

in an analytical way with the help of primary sources.

- 3. To evaluate contribution of 19th century in Maharashtra to the establishment of Maharashtra state contribution of successors and later development of the 19th century Maharashtra
- 4. To study Socio-religious System of the 19th Century in Maharashtra.

Course Outcomes:

- 1. Student will develop the ability to analyse sources for 19th century Maharashtra History.
- 2. Student will learn significance of Regional History and Socio- religious reformism foundation

of the region.

- 3. It will enhance their perception of 19th Century Maharashtra.
- 4. Appreciate the skills of leadership and the Socio-religious System of the Maharashtra.

Pedagogy:

Lectures / Visual Presentation / Critical Analysis / Assignments / Test/ e-learning.

Unit	Contents of the Course	No. of Lectures
I	Foundation of British Power in Maharashtra a) Background b) British Administration & it's impact of British Power in Maharashtra	9
II	a) Contribution of Intellectuals —Balshastri Jambhekar, Gopal Hari Deshmukh (Lokhitwadi), Mahatma Jyotiba Phule b) Institutional Experiments- Paramahamsa Mandali, Prarthana Samaj,Satyashodhak Samaj, Sarvajanik Sabha	16
III	Uprising and Political Agitation a) Local Uprisings (Uprising of Ramoshi, Bhill, Koli, Revolt of 1857 and Deccan Riots (1875) b) Indian National Congress, Moderate, Nationalist	12

IV	Economic Transformation in Maharashtra	
		8
	a) Revenue (Ryotwari system)	
	b) Commercialization of Agriculture.	
	c) Economic Thought –Brief Survey	

Reference Books

English:

- 1. Ballhatchet Kenneth, Social Policy and Social Change in Western India. 1817-1830, OUP, 1961.
- 2. Nurullah Syed and Naik J.P. A History of Education in India (During the British Period) Macmillan and Co.Ltd. Bombay,1951.
- 3. Paranjpe Shrikant, Dixit Raja and Das C.R. Western India: History Society and Culture, Itihas Shikshak Mahamandal, Maharashtra, Pune-1997.
- 4. Ravindra Kumar, Western India in the Nineteenth Century: A Study in the Social History of Maharashtra Routledge and Kegan Paul, Toronto, 1968.

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Skill Enhancement Courses - Museology

(02 Credits course) Total Lectures- 30

Objectives:

- 1. To acquaint the students with the rise and development of Museum.
- 2. To impart to the students an understanding of the importance of material history through Museum.
- 3. To encourage the students to collect the material or sources of History for local, regional and National History through Museum.
- 4. To enable the students to collect Various Articles as a tool of History.

Course Outcomes:

- 1. The Students will understand the Concepts of Museum ad learn the basic Principles of Museology
- 2. The Students will gain Comprehensive Knowledge of the Process of Cringe and Conserving Museum of objects

Unit	Contents of the Course	No. of Lectures
I	Introduction	10
	a) History of Museum	
	b) Importance of Museum	
II	Main Museums in Maharashtra	10
	a) Museums before Independence	
	b) Museums after Independence	
	c) Role of Curator	
III	Types of Museums	10
	a) Arts Museums	
	b) Historical Museums.	
IV	Field Project	

Reference Books

English

- 1. Agarwal, O. P. Conservation of Manuscripts and Paintings of South-East Asia, London, 1984.
- 2. Agarwal, Usha, Directory of Museums in India, New Delhi, 2000.
- 3. Bartz, Bettina Optiz, Helmut Richter, Elizabeth, Eds., Museums of the World, 1992.
- 4. Bornham, Bonnie, Protection of Cultural Property: A Handbook of National Legislation, Paris, 1974.
- 5. Colleman, L. V. Museum Buildings, Vol. I, Washington, 1950.
- 6. Colleman, L. V. The Museums in America, 3 Vols., Washington, 1939.
- 7. Edson, Gary Dean, David, The Handbook of Museums, 1994.
- 8. Hudson, Kenneth Nicholls, Ann, Eds., World Directory of Museums, New York, 1975.
- 9. International Council of Museums, Directory of Museums in the Arab Countries, London, 1995.
- 10. Knell, Simon, Comp. and Ed., A Bibliography of Museum Studies, 1994.
- 11. Sarkar, H. Museums and Protection of Monuments and Antiquities in India, Delhi, 1981.
- 12. Woodhead, Peter Stansfield, Geoffrey, Key Guide to Information Sources in Museum Studies, 1994.

T.Y.B.A History Semester VI Core Course: India After Independence- (1947-1991) (03 Credit Course) Total Lectures - 45

Objectives:

- 1. To make the students aware about the making of Contemporary India and events that panned out in the Post-Independence Era.
- 2. To make the students aware of the Multi-Dimensionality of Modern India.
- 3. To highlight the ideas, institutions, forces and movements that contributed to the shaping of Indian Modernity.
- 3. To acquaint the students with various Interpretative and Analytical perspectives.

Course Outcomes:

- 1. It will enable students to develop an overall understanding of the Contemporary India.
- 2. To increase the spirit of healthy Nationalism, Democratic Values and Secularism among the students.
- 3. Students will understand various aspects of India's domestic and foreign policies that shaped Post-Independence India.

Pedagogy: Lectures / Visual Presentation / Critical Analysis / Assignments / Test/ e-learning

Unit	Contents of the Course	No. of Lectures
I	Challenges after Independence a) Integration of Princely states- Kashmir, Junagadh,	13
	Hyderabad c) Liberation of Portuguese and French Colonies-Goa, Pondicherry, Chandranagore d)Indian Constitution – Salient Features e) Linguistic Reorganization of States	
II	India's Foreign Policy a) Non Aligned Movement b) Indo-Pak Relations, Conflicts and the birth of Bangladesh c) Indo-Sino Relations, Conflicts and Panchsheel d) Indo-Sri Lanka Relations	10
III	a) Hindu Code Bill: Nature and Impact b) Emergency: Background, Nature and Impact c) Science & Technology	10

IV	Economic Policy	12
	a) Mixed Economy and Five Year Plansb) Nationalization of Banks - First Demonetizationd) Privatization, Liberalization and Globalization:Brief Introduction	

Reference Books:

English

- 1. Chandra Bipan: Mukherjee Mridula: Mukherjee Aditya; India After Independence; Penguin: India 1999
- 2. Lapierre Dominique and Collins Larry; Freedom at Mid night; William Collins and Simon & Schuster; UK & USA;1975
- 3. Guha Ramchandra; India After Gandhi: The History of the World's Largest Democracy; Harper Collins; India; 2007
- 4. Metcalf Barbara D., Metcalf Thomas R; A Concise History of Modern India; Cambridge University Press; 2012
- 5. Talbot Ian, Singh Gurharpal; The Partition of India, Cambridge University Press; 2009
- 6. Wolpert Stanley; A New History of India, Oxford University Press; 1977
- 7. Ansari Sarah Life after Partition: Migration, Community and Strife in Sindh: 1947–1962; Oxford, UK: Oxford University Press; 2005.
- 8. Sarvepalli Gopal, Jawaharlal Nehru: A Biography. 1947-1956. Volume Two (1979)
- 9. Chacko Priya; Indian Foreign Policy: The Politics of Postcolonial Identity from 1947 to 2004; Routledge; 2013.
- 10. Kulke, Hermann; A History of India; Routledge; 2004
- 11. Menon Shivshankar Menon; Choices: Inside the Making of India s Foreign Policy; Penguin; India; 2016
- 12. G.W. Choudhury, India, Pakistan, Bangladesh, and the major powers: politics of a divided subcontinent; Cambridge University Press; India;1975
- 13. Kore, V.S. "Liberation of Goa: Role Of The Indian Navy"; Bharat Rakshak; 2013.
- 14. Ashton, S.R.; British Policy towards the Indian States, 1905–1938, London Studies on South Asia no. 2, London; Curzon Press;2003
- 15. Khanna, Justice H.R.; Making of India's Constitution; Eastern Book Company; 2008.
- 16. Austin, Granville; The Indian Constitution: Cornerstone of a Nation (2nd ed.). Oxford University Press;1999
- 17. Ganguly Sumit; 'India, Pakistan, and Bangladesh: Civil-Military Relations', Oxford Research Encyclopaedia of Politics, Oxford University Press; 2020
- 18. Sukumaran, R; '1962 India-China War and Kargil 1999: Restrictions on Air Power"; 2003
- 19. Dube, Rajendra Prasad; Jawaharlal Nehru: A Study in Ideology and Social Change; 1998
- 20. Maheshwari Neerja; Economic Policy of Jawaharlal Nehru. Deep & Deep; 1997
- 21. Jayakar Pupul; Indira Gandhi: A Biography; Penguin Books India; 1992.
- 22. Chandra, Bipan; In the name of democracy: JP movement and the emergency, Chapter 4, Emergency imposed; Penguin Books; New Delhi; 2003

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T.Y.B.A History Semester VI

Discipline Specific Elective Courses: Applied History (03 Credit Course) Total Lectures – 45

Course objectives:

- 1) To introduce students to information and importance of Applied History.
- 2) To help students understand the usefulness of history in the 21st century, its changing perspectives, the new ideas that have been invented, and the importance of History in a Competitive World.
- 3) To inform the students about the historical significance of Archaeology and Archives and the opportunities in the field of Archaeology and Archives through this course.
- 4) To inform the students about the opportunities in the field of Media, Museums through this Course.

Course Outcomes:

- 1. Students will be introduced to the information and importance of applied history.
- 2. Student will learn about the Historical significance of Archaeology and Archives and opportunities in the field of Archaeology and Archives.
- 3. Through this course, students will be informed about the opportunities in the field of Media, Museums.
- 4. Students will learn about the usefulness of history in the 21st Century, its changing Perspectives, the new ideas that have been invented, and the importance of History in a Competitive World.

Pedagogy: Lectures / Visual Presentation / Critical Analysis / Assignments / Test/ e-learning

Unit	Contents of the Course	No. of Lectures
Ι	Applied History	14
	a. Applied History: Concept and Application	
	b. Application of History in Various Subjects	
	c. Co-relationship between Past and Present	
	d. Contemporary History: Meaning and Nature	
II	Archaeology and Archives	15
	a) Archaeology and Archives: Definition and Development in Indiab) Archival Sources: Ancient, Medieval and Modern- A brief survey	
III	Mass Media and Applied History	16
	a) Mass Media: Meaning and Typesb) Growth of Printing Press in Indiac) Newspaper: Newspapers in Indiac) Electronic media: Radio, Television	
IV	Project Work /Study Tour Report/Historical Places Visit Report	

Reference Books

English

- 1) Bajaj Satish K, Research Methodology in History, Amol Pub Pvt.Ltd, New Delhi.
- 2) Bobade Bhajang R., Manuscriptology from Indian Sources, Pacific Publication, Delhi.
- 3) Carr E.H., What is History, Penguin Books, Harmondsworth, 1971.
- 4) Chitnis K.N., Research Methodology in History, Navi Path, Pune1979.
- 5) Collingwood R.G., The Idea of History, Oxford university, 1961.
- 6) Datta.K.B., Mass Media in India, Akansha Publishing House, New Delhi, 2005.
- 7) Director General, Archaeological Remains, Monuments and Museums Part1&2, Archaeological Survey of India, New Delhi, 1964.
- 8) Gaur.M. M., Electronic Media, Omega Publication, Delhi, 2006.
- 9) Ghose, Sallen, Archive in India, Calcuttd, 1963.
- 10) Mehara Chandar, History of Newspapers in India, Notion Press, Chenniai, 2019.
- 11) Mujumdar R.K., Shrivastava A.N., Historiography, subject Book, Delhi,06,1975.
- 12) Shobita Punija, Museum of India, The Guidebook, Hon Kong, 1990.

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Semester VI

Discipline Specific Elective Courses: History of Maharashtra in the 20thCentury (03 Credit Course) Total Lectures – 45

Course Objectives:

- 1. To introduce the students to the history of 20th Century in Maharashtra
- 2. To study Political, Social, Economic and Conceptual History of the 20th Century Maharashtra in an Analytical way with the help of Primary Sources.
- 3. To evaluate contribution of 20th Century in Maharashtra to the establishment of Maharashtra state contribution of successors and later development of the 19th century Maharashtra
- 4. To study Socio-Religious System of the 20th Century in Maharashtra.

Course Outcomes:

- 1. Student will develop the ability to analyses sources for 20th Century Maharashtra History.
- 2. Student will learn significance of regional history and Socio-Religious Reformism foundation of the region.
- 3. It will enhance their Perception of 20th Century Maharashtra.
- 4. Appreciate the skills of leadership and the Socio-Religious System of the Maharashtra.

Pedagogy: Lectures / Visual Presentation / Critical Analysis / Assignments / Test/ e-learning

Unit	Contents of the Course	No. of Lectures
I	Thoughts and work of Intellectuals	15
	a) Pandita Ramabai	
	b) Rajarshri Chhatrapati Shahu Maharaj	
	c) Maharshi Vitthal Ramji Shinde	
	d) Maharshi Dhondo Keshav Karve	
	e) Maharaja Sayajirao Gaikwad.	
	f) Dr. Babasaheb Ambedkar	
II	Industrial and Economic Development of Maharashtra	10
	a) Industrialization and Urbanization	
	b) Co-operative Movement: Cotton and Sugar	
	Industry	
III	Movements in 20th Century Maharashtra	10
	a) Workers Movement	
	b) Peasants Movement	
	c) Dalit Movement	
	d) Non-Brahmin Movement	
IV	Integration and Reorganization of Maharashtra	10
	a) Marathawada Mukti Sangram	
	b) Sanyukta Maharashtra Movement	
	c) Maharashtra-Karnataka Border Dispute	

Reference Books

English:

- **1**. Ballhatchet Kenneth, Social Policy and Social Change in Western India. 1817-1830, OUP, 1961.
- 2. Nurullah Syed and Naik J.P. A History of Education in India (During the British Period) Macmillan ana Co.Ltd. Bombay,1951.
- 3. Paranjpe Shrikant, Dixit Raja and Das C.R. Western India: History Society and Culture, Itihas Shikshak Mahamandal, Maharashtra, Pune-1997.
- 4. Ravindra Kumar, Western India in the Nineteenth Century: A Study in the Social History of Maharashtra Routledge and Kegan Paul, Toronto, 1968.

T.Y.B.A History Semester VI Skill Enhancement Courses - Heritage Management (02 Credits course) Total Lectures - 30

Course Objectives:

- 1. To understand the introduction of Heritage Management to the Students
- 2. To get an Opportunity to seek self-employment to the students

Course Outcomes:

- 1. Student will understand over all process of Heritage Management
- 2. Student will get the knowledge about scope and the fact of Heritage Management.
- 3. The students will enable to understand about legal and commercial framework of Heritage

Unit	Contents of the Course	No. of Lectures
I	Heritage	10
	a)Define the concept of Heritage	
	i) Local ii) National iii) International	
	b) Nature and Scope & Importance of Heritage	
II	Heritage Tourism	10
	a) Define the Concept of Heritage Tourism	
	b) UNESCO World Heritage Site in India	
	c) UNESCO World Heritage Site in Maharashtra	
III	Heritage Site Management	10
	a) Role of Government	
	b) Role of tourists and natives	
	c) Field Visit and Report	
IV	Field Project	

Reference Books

- 1. Kernal Balsar, The concept of the Common heritage of Mankind, Vol.30 Martinus Nijhoff
- 2. Richard Harrison (ed), Manual of Heritage Management, Butterworth Heineman.
- 3. Devide T Herbert (ed), Heritage Tourism and Society, Mausell.
- 4. Nagar S.L, Protection, Conservation and preservation of India's monuments. Aryan Books
- 5. Chainani, S., Heritage conservation legislative and organizational policies for India. New Delhi: INTACH. 2007
- 6. UNESCO and its Programmes, protection of mankind's cultural heritage sites and Monuments, UNESCO 1970. International, New Delhi 1998

Evaluation Structure

EVALUATION PATTERN: For Two Credit Courses

- 1. Each course shall be evaluated with Continuous Evaluation (CE) and End Semester Examination (EE).
- 2. Continuous Evaluation shall be of 25 marks and End Semester Examination (EE) shall be of 25 marks
- 3. To pass a course of 2 credits, a student has to earn minimum 20 marks, provided that he/she should earn minimum 6 marks in Continuous Evaluation and minimum 10 marks in End-Semester Examination. That is passing criterion is minimum 40% marks in the examination.
- 4. For Internal evaluation (out of 25 marks), There has to be one written test of 15 marks (Mid-Semester Examination). For remaining 05 marks shall be based on the continuous evaluation consisting of tutorial, viva, seminars, home-assignments, mini project, survey, group discussion etc.(on approval of Head of the Department)
- 5. There shall be revaluation of the answer scripts of End-Semester Examination (out of 25 marks) of theory papers only, but not of internal assessment papers as per Ordinance No. 134 A and B.

EVALUATION PATTERN: For Four Credit Courses

Marks and other related parameters will be doubled

Nature of External Exam: As per SPPU norms

Nature of External Exam: As per SPPU norms AWARD OF GRADES AND GRADE POINTS

The mapping of percentage to letter grade and grade point is given in the following Table 1 CGPA will be calculated as follows:

Table No. 1

Sr. No.	Grade Letter	Grade Point	Marks
1.	O (Outstanding)	10	90 ≤ Marks ≤ 100
2.	A+ (Excellent	9	$80 \le \text{Marks} \le 89$
3.	A (Very Good)	8	$70 \le \text{Marks} \le 79$
4.	B+ (Good)	7	55 ≤ Marks ≤ 69
5.	B (Above Average)	6	$50 \le Marks \le 54$
6.	C (Average)	5	$45 \le Marks \le 49$
7.	D (Pass)	4	$40 \le Marks \le 44$
8.	F (Fail)	0	Marks ≤ 40
9.	AB (Absent)	0	

PERFORMANCE INDICES:

The performance of a student in a Semester is indicated by a number called the Semester Grade Point Average (SGPA). Similarly, the performance of a student in the Course is indicated by a number called the Course Grade Point Average (CGPA).

The End-Semester results and final result of the courses will contain SGPA and CGPA, respectively.

1) SGPA: The SGPA is the weighted average of the grade points obtained by a students in all the courses during the Semester. That is

$$SGPA = \frac{\sum_{i=1}^{p} C_i G_i}{\sum_{i=1}^{p} C_i}$$

For example, suppose in a Semester, student has registered for five courses having credits C1, C2,

C3, C4 and C5 and suppose his/her grade points are G1, G2, G3, G4 and G5, respectively. The SGPA is calculated as

$$SGPA = \frac{C_1G_1 + C_2G_2 + C_3G_3 + C_4G_4 + C_5G_5}{C_1 + C_2 + C_3 + C_4 + C_5}$$

SGPA is calculated correct up to two decimal places by rounding off.

2) CGPA: The CGPA is the weighted average of the grade points obtained in all courses (theory and Practicals) by students in all the courses in 6 semesters. It is calculated in the same manner as the SGPA.

RESULTS:

Based on the performance of the student in the Semester Examinations, Nowrosjee Wadia College will declare the results and issue the Semester Grade sheets. Also, the College will declare the results and issue the Grade sheets at the end of the course.

The class will be awarded to a student on the basis of CGPA. The award of the class shall be as per Table 2 and corresponding percentage calculation for the CGPA is given in Table No. 3

Table 2

Sr.	CGPA	Class of the degree awarded
1	9.50 or more than 9.50	OUTSTANDING (O)
2	8.50 or more but less than 9.50	EXCELLENT (A+)
3	7.50 or more but less than 8.50	VERY GOOD (A)
4	6.25 or more but less than 7.50	GOOD (B+)
5	5.25 or more but less than 6.25	ABOVE AVERAGE (B)
6	4.75 or more but less than 5.25	AVERAGE (C)
7	4.00 or more but less than 4.75	PASS (D)

Percentage of marks corresponding to CGPA is calculated by the formulae which are given in the following Table 3.

Table 3

GRADE	Formula for the percentage of marks		
0	$20 \times CGPA - 100$		
Α+	10 × CGPA − 5		
А	10 × CGPA − 5		
B+	12× CGPA – 20		
В	5× CGPA + 23.75		
С	$10 \times CGPA - 2.50$		
D	6.6× CGPA + 13.6		

The above percentage calculations are illustrated in the following Table 4

Table 4 Some examples of CGPA to Percentage calculations

CGPA obtained	Formula	Percentage (%)	Grade
10	20 × 10 - 100 = 100	100	О
9.75	$20 \times 9.75 - 100 = 95$	95	0
9.5	20 × 9.5 – 100 = 90	90	О
9.0	$10 \times 9 - 5 = 85$	85	A+
8.0	$10 \times 8.0 - 5 = 75$	75	Α
7.0	$12 \times 7.0 - 20 = 64$	64	B+
6.67	$12 \times 6.67 - 20 = 60.04$	60.04	B+
6.25	$12 \times 6.25 - 20 = 55$	55	B+
5.25	$5 \times 5.25 + 23.75 = 50$	50	В
4.75	$10 \times 4.75 - 2.50 = 45$	45	С
4.0	$6.6 \times 4.0 + 13.6 = 40$	40	D

While declaring the results, the existing ordinances are applicable. There is also a provision for verification and revaluation. In case of verification, the existing rules will be applicable. The revaluation result will be adopted if there is a change of at least 10% marks and in the grade of the course.

EVALUATION PATTERN: For Four Credit Courses: Total Marks 100

Four credit course exam pattern and Evolution pattern is as below: 30% Marks for Internal and 70% marks for external Evaluation

Internal Examinations pattern

Total Marks: 30

Written Exam Marks: 20, Duration: 1 hour

Question No.	Total Marks	No. Of questions	Remarks
Q. 1.	10	Attempt any 5 out of 7	Descriptive type questions (Each question carries 2 marks)
Q. 2.	10	Solve any 2 out of 3 questions	Descriptive type questions (Each question carries 5 marks)

Assignments / Internal Assessment marks: 10

Assignments / Internal Assessment, Case studies, Group Discussion / Debate / Field Visit / Oral Presentation, Charts and Posters, etc.).

External Examination Pattern

Total Marks: 70

Written Exam Marks: 70, Duration: 2 hours 30 minutes

Question No.	Total Marks	No. Of	Remarks
		questions	
Q. 1	16	Solve any 8 out of 10	Definitions / Short
		Questions	Answers
Q. 2	16	Solve any 4 out of 6	Answer in 50 words
		Questions	
Q. 3	18	Solve any 3 out of 4	Answer in 100
		Questions	words
Q. 4	20	Solve any 2 out of 3	Answer in 200
		questions	words

Learning Materials:

1. Mahatma M. K. Gandhi

https://www.mkgandhi.org/

https://gandhi.gov.in/

https://www.gandhiashramsevagram.org/index.php

2. Dr. B. R. Ambedkar

http://drambedkarwritings.gov.in/content/index.php

 $\underline{https://drambedkarbooks.files.wordpress.com/2009/03/selected-work-of-dr-b-r-ambedkar.pdf}$

3. National Digital Library of India

https://ndl.iitkgp.ac.in/

4. AbhilekhPatal

https://www.abhilekh-patal.in/jspui/

5. Indian Culture

https://indianculture.gov.in/

6. Shodhganga A reservoir of Indian Theses

https://shodhganga.inflibnet.ac.in/

7. e-ShodhSindhu: consortium for higher education electronic resources

https://ess.inflibnet.ac.in/

8. Census of India

https://www.censusindia.gov.in/DigitalLibrary/reports.aspx

9. Gokhale Institute of Politics and Economics Digital Repository

https://dspace.gipe.ac.in/xmlui/

10. SavitribaiPhule Pune University, Pune. Library

http://lib.unipune.ac.in:8002/

11. Deccan College, Pune, Library

https://www.dcpune.ac.in/library.php

12. Encyclopedia Britannica

https://www.britannica.com/

13. Stanford Encyclopedia of Philosophy

https://plato.stanford.edu/contents.html

14. Maps of India

https://www.mapsofindia.com/

15. Historical Maps of India

http://homepages.rootsweb.com/~poyntz/India/maps.html

16. 1947 Partition Archive

https://in.1947partitionarchive.org/

17. Project Gutenberg

https://www.gutenberg.org/

18. Rare Book Society of India

https://www.rarebooksocietyofindia.org/

19. British Library Ethos

https://ethos.bl.uk/Home.do

20. Imperial Gazetteers of India

https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/The_Imperial_Gazetteer_of_India

21. Bombay (Now Mumbai) Presidency Books and Maps

https://wiki.fibis.org/w/Bombay_(Presidency)#External_links

22. Gazetteers of India

https://wiki.fibis.org/w/Gazetteers#Imperial_Gazetteer_of_India_Provincial_Series

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